UUCMS. No.

B.M.S COLLEGE FOR WOMEN, AUTONOMOUS BENGALURU – 560004 SEMESTER END EXAMINATION – SEPTEMBER/OCTOBER-2023

M.Sc in Mathematics – 4th Semester

MATHEMATICAL METHODS

Course Code: MM402T Duration: 3 Hours

QP Code: 14002 Max Marks: 70

Instructions: 1) All questions carry equal marks. 2) Answer any five full questions.

- 1. a) Using Laplace transform technique, find the solution of $x''(t) = y + \sin t$, x(0) = 1, x'(0) = 0, $y''(t) = -x'(t) + \cos t$, y(0) = -1, y'(0) = -1.
 - b) Apply appropriate Fourier transform to solve IBVP: $y_t = y_{xx}$, $0 \le x \le 1, t \ge 0$ subject to $y(x, 0) = f(x), 0 \le x \le 1, y_x(0, t) = y_x(1, t) = 0, t \ge 0.$ (7+7)
- 2. a) Find the Hankel transform of $\frac{d^2 f}{dx^2} + \frac{1}{x} \frac{df}{dx}$, given 's' is a root of $J_n(sa) = 0$, where J_n is a Bessel function of order *n*.
 - b) Obtain discrete Fourier transform (DFT) of the sequence $f_k = \{1,2,3,4\}$.
 - c) Distinguish between Fourier transform and wavelet transform. (6+4+4)
- 3. a) Reduce the BVP y''(x) + λy(x) = 0, y(0) = 0, y(1) = 0 into an integral equation.
 b) Solve the integral equation φ(x) = x + ∫₀^x(ξ − x) φ(ξ) dξ by finding resolvent kernel.

(7+7)

4. a) Determine the eigenvalues and eigen functions of the integral equation $\varphi(x) = \lambda \int_0^{2\pi} \cos(x + \xi) \,\varphi(\xi) \,d\xi \,.$

b) Solve the integral equation $\varphi(x) = x^3 + \int_0^x \sin(x - \xi) \varphi(\xi) d\xi$, $x \in [0, \pi]$. Further evaluate $\varphi(1)$. (7+7)

5. a) Find the asymptotic expansion of $I(x) = \int_0^\infty e^{-t^4} dt$ as $x \to +\infty$, by the method of integration by parts.

b) Find the leading order behavior of $I(x) = \int_0^\infty e^{-x \sin^4 t} dt$ as $x \to +\infty$, by applying Laplace method. (7+7)

- 6. a) State and prove Watson's lemma. Also find the asymptotic behavior of the integral $I(x) = \int_0^5 \frac{e^{-xt}}{1+t^2} dt$ as $x \to +\infty$.
 - b) Apply method of stationary phase to obtain the leading behavior of the integral $I(x) = \int_0^\infty \cos(xt^2 - t) dt \quad \text{as } x \to +\infty.$ (7+7)
- 7. a) Find the leading two term regular perturbation solution of y"+∈ y' + y = 0; y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0.
 b) Find the first two term periodic solution of y" + y+ ∈ y³ = 0; y(0) = a, y'(0) = 0. (7+7)
- 8. a) Obtain one term uniformly valid solution of
 - $\in y'' + (1+x)y' + y = 0, y(0) = 1, y(1) = 1.$
 - b) Find the WKB solution of $\in^2 y''(x) = (1 + x^2)^2 y(x)$ with y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1. (7+7)
